

Gazette of the United States, AND Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2074.]

PHILADELPHIA: TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 14, 1799.

[VOLUME XV

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will be answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

LANDING,
From the Schooner Sally,
At Maffey's Wharf,
a quantity of First Quality
Surinam Cotton & Coffee.
for sale by
ISAAC HARVEY, jun.
No. 9, South Water-street
Also on hand,
Ruffia Duck, first quality
Aux Cayes Molasses,
Packages of Men and Women's Combs.
may 1 d2w

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
On Willing's and Francis's Wharf,
200 Gin Cakes,
Also, a few bales of Bengal Goods.
G. WILLING.
Feb. 22. 3aw

Just Received,
By the late arrivals from London and Hamburg,
for sale by the Subscribers,
80 tons best St. Petersburg Hemp
300 pieces English Sailcloth
2 trunks, containing
Sattins
Ribbons
Silk Handkerchiefs
Persian and Gauze
3 cases fashionable Ladies' Hats, &c.
10 cases Brilles
8 bales Tickenburgs, and
A few packages of
Dowels
Cres a la Mollie
Checks and Stripes
Bretagnes
25 Hhds Bourdeaux Brandy
10 pipes Spanish do
40 Hhds Bourdeaux Claret.
Erick & Lewis Bollmann.
No. 100 Spruce-street.
april 27. d1f

The subscribers have on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, the following articles, viz.
Seventy Pipes London Particular
Madeira Wine,
the vintage of '96, since when they have lain in a store well adapted to their improvement;
25 Casks of Young Hyfon Tea;
An Invoice of well-assorted China—original cost between 8 and 900 dollars in Canton.
HIGBEE & MILNOR.
march 21.

Landing,
From brig ENTERPRISE, at Jackson & Morris's Wharf,
80 Hhds prime Jamaica Sugars } entitled to
40 do. Rum } drawback
AND FOR SALE
Wharton & Lewis,
No. 115, South Front street.
Who have also for sale,
Madeira wine in pipes and half pipes
New-England Rum
Ground Ginger, &c. &c.
april 27. 5

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers,
Hyfon,
Hylon Skin, } F.E.A.S.
Young Hyfon, }
Seuchong,
Canton and Garden Fann,
Nankens,
China Ware, assorted,
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.
They have also remaining on hand
Black Perfum, Choppa and Pulicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.
Thomas & Joshua Fisher.
4th mo 26. 5

TO BE LET,
Two Good Counting Houses
On the fourth floor of Walnut-street Wharf.
Enquire of
JAMES YARD.
april 18. cod4w

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carrouades.
JOHN NIXON & CO.
December 1. 9

FOR SALE,
50,000 feet of Bay Mahogany,
15 tons of Logwood.
JAMES YARD.
may 4. d1w

At a Court of Common Pleas held at Pittsburgh for the county of Allegheny, the first Monday of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine—Before the Hon. Alexander Addison, Esq. President, John McDowell, John Gibbons, George Thompson and George Wallace, Esqrs. Associate Judges of the same court.

ON the petition of Alexander Sumrall, a prisoner in the jail of said county, praying to be discharged according to the provisions of the act of assembly, made for the relief of insolvent debtors. The court ordered, that the said prisoner be brought before them at Pittsburgh, on the first Monday of June next, that his petition and his creditors may be then heard—and direct that notice of his application be published in the Pittsburgh Gazette, and continue three weeks in each, the last of which shall be at least two weeks before the time of hearing.

By the Court,
JAMES BRISON, Proth'y.
april 19. 1aw3w&10M.

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Ruffia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels.
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt. } HUMPHUMS.
april 11. 9

The Subscribers have for sale, at their Comping house, No. 35, Dock-street.
White and red Lead
Patent shot, No. 1 to 8, B & B B
Hemp
Bourdeaux Brandy, 1st and 4th proof
Claret in cases, first quality
One trunk of Umbrellas
Three Cases containing of
Bras and Wood Compasses
Amplitude do.
Day and night Glasses, and
Sewing Twine
100 Cutlasses
4000 bushels Liverpool Salt.
THOMAS MURGATROYD & SONS.
april 11. mwi3w

TO BE SOLD,
An Invoice of Woollens,
CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths—
principally Dark Blue and printed Callimere
Apply to
Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.
april 29. 5

F. KISSELMAN,
Has for sale, at no. 105, South Water street,
Cogniac Brandy, 1st 3d & 4th proof
Jamaica Spirits, 4th proof,
St. Croix
New England
Sherry
Lisbon
Port
Malaga
Molasses
Sugar
Coffee
And various kinds of Groceries
april 11. 3aw3w

Richard Bayley & Co.
RESPECTFULLY inform the public that the Retail Business carried on by them at their Store, No. 136, Market-street, will in future be carried on by Mr. Wm. BONNAR, whom they beg leave to recommend to the favor of their friends and the public.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the
above firm and those to whom they are indebted, will please to apply to JOHN WHITESIDES & Co. or the settlement of their respective accounts, who are duly empowered for that purpose.
Richard Bayley & Co.

WILLIAM BONNAR,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that the above Store will be opened by him on Monday the 4th of February next, with an assortment of
DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the season, which he flatters himself will meet the approbation of those who honor him with their favor.
jan 29. 5

FOR SALE
By **SIMON WALKER,**
Pine, near Fifth-street,
WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders,
6.1-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5.1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;
Carrouades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6.1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each; Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses; English Cannon Powder; Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts; 6, 9, 12, 18 and 24 lb. round shot; 6, 9, 18 and 24 lb. double-headed do. 9, 18 and 24 lb. Cannister Shot. Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles.
Taunton ale in cases of 7 dozen each.
march 8. 2aw1f

Copper Warehouse,
Late **ALEXANDER ISLAND, & Co.**
No. 201, MARKET-STREET.

ROBERT KID,
HAVING purchased the Stock of the above firm, Solicits the patronage of the public and their friends; where they may depend on being served on the very best terms with the following goods:

A general assortment of Copper Bottoms and Sheets, for Copper Smiths and other purposes, Pig and Bar Lead, Block Tin and Crowley Steel, Tin in Boxes, and Br's Kettles in Nests, With a large and general assortment of Ironmongery, feb. 16. d1w u&1f

JOHN MILLER, junr.
HAS REMOVED FROM NO. 8, CHESTNUT, To the Free Store Building, in Dock, near Third-street.

WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,
300 Bales of Bengal Goods;
CONSISTING OF

COSSAS
Bastas
Mamoodies
Hummums
Taffaties
Striped Doreas
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
Also, a large assortment of
Madras Handkerchiefs,
of various descriptions.
January 1. 1aw1f

English wrought Nails.
Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL.
400 Casks of Nails,
CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the Southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharp—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—springs—tucks—superior nails—besting nails, &c.
FOR SALE BY
Robert Denison, junr.
117 Market-street

FOR CHARTER.
To Jamaica or the Havana, out only,
The Brigantine
JAMES.
JACOB C. RAMBO, master.
Carries about 800 barrels.
If not chartered in a few days, will take in freight.
For NEW-ORLEANS.
ENQUIRE OF
John Skyrin,
No. 96, North Front-street.
may 2. d6t

FOR SALE,
THE
Schooner NANCY,
Thomas Hallam, Master,
BURTHEN about 71 tons; is a stout, staunch built vessel, four years old, and sails very fast.
Apply to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
april 30. d1f

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,
And Commission Store,
No. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.
THE Subscribers, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.—He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps. Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands.
SAMUEL EMERY.
november 19. 2aw

For Sale,
A NEW VESSEL,
launched in August, or September last, 48 feet keel, 19 feet beam, and 8 feet hold, consequently about 91 tons, strongly built of white oak, and now lying at Sinnepuxent, in the State of Maryland. For farther particulars, enquire of
WILLIAM WINDER,
At the Navy Office, Walnut street.
april 10, 1799. 3aw1f

FOR LONDON,
THE SHIP
WOODDROP SIMS
John B. Lodgeon, Commander
Will sail with all expedition, the greater part of her cargo being ready to go on board, and will return an early fast ship. For freight or passage apply on board fast ship, lying at the subscriber's wharf, or to
JOSEPH SIMS,
Ho. 155, South Water-street.
d2w

For Sale,
The Ship **NEPTUNE,**
now laying at Walnut street wharf, with her tackle and apparel as she came from sea; her burthen is 233 tons. For terms, apply to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
The consignees of goods on board the above vessel, are requested to take out their Permits so soon as possible, as the ship will begin discharging to-morrow morning.
april 12. d1f

A Summer Retreat.
FOR SALE,
Sixteen Acres of Land,
About half a mile from the city of Philadelphia, THERE are on the premises a one story brick house 38 feet front, a stable and corn crib, a well of excellent water, and a few fruit trees, the situation is perhaps superior to any within the same distance of the city, and commands one of the most beautiful and picturesque prospects of the city, Kensington, the Delaware and Jerseys. Enquire of
EDWARD BONSALL & Co.
march 4. cod1f

Samuel Miles, jun'r.
Of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, having assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscriber, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may subscribe to the said assignment on or before the first of august next.

Notice is hereby given,
To all persons indebted to the said estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment to either of the assignees, or to the said Samuel Miles, who is authorized to receive the same; in failure whereof legal steps will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged accordingly.
GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS, Assignees
JOHN ALLEN,
Feb. 14. 3aw1f

Notice.
THE subscribers being appointed by the court of common pleas of the city and county, guardians to the person and estate of **JOSEPH BEERE**, now confined in a State of Lunacy in the Pennsylvania Hospital.—All persons holding his effects or indebted to him will pay or return the same immediately; and those having demands will present them duly authenticated, to
Mary Beere,
Thomas Hurly,
no. 16, Carter's alley.
Philadelphia, april 4. 1aw6w

REMOVAL.
ROBERT COE & SON,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
Brush Manufactory and Ironmongery Store, to No. 175, Market Street, nearly opposite the Cornerstone Waggon, where they have for sale as usual, home manufactured and imported Brushes of almost every description, together with a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Saddlery, and Brass wares, to which they expect by the spring vessels an ample addition.
4th mo. 10. cod1f

FOR SALE,
A bill drawn on Fleming & Wake H. W. Lane, by Fleming, & payable to Ormond, dated Nov. 5, two months after date, value £20.—One ditto on Fell, No. 32 Old Change, by Hall, and payable to Smith, dated Nov. 30, at two months after date, for £121 199.—One ditto on Saywell & sons, Wood street, by Ball, and payable to Bradock, dated Dec. 19, at two months, for £30.—One ditto on Eden, Wood-street, by Williams, payable to order, dated Nov. 1, at three months for £30 25.—One ditto on Neale & Co. St. Paul's Church Yard, by Adams, and payable to Kencorigh, dated Dec. 7th, at two months, for £14.—One ditto on Stewart, Red Cross-square, by Young, and payable to Marshall, dated Nov. 22, at two months, for £33 21. 9d.—One ditto on Royd's, Bakelbury, by Lord, and payable to Jackson, dated Dec. 3, at two months, for £18.—One ditto on Miller and Co. Gracechurch street, by Redway, and payable to Harley, dated Dec. 6, at two months for £50.—One ditto on Spitta & co. Lawrence Pountney Lane, by Lange, and payable to Hoyle dated Nov. 6, at two months, for £161.
Whoever may have found the above, and will bring them to Messrs. Atkinson & Robton, No. 2 Well End of Royal Exchange, shall immediately receive Five Hundred Guineas Reward without any further Trouble.
N. B. No greater Reward will be offered, as payment of the whole is stopped, and the loss made known throughout this Country and Continent.
april 19. 2aw2m

LONDON, January 2, 1799.
500 Guineas Reward.

LOST this evening, between five and six o'clock, in the neighbourhood of Gracechurch street, a BLACK CASE, containing the following

Bank Notes and Drafts,
with sundry Bills of Exchange, not due:
£1000 No. 1919, dated 1 Dec. 1798
100 864, 26 Nov. Ditto
1000 284, 22 Dec. Ditto
1000 1752, 27 Oct. Ditto
1000 1714, 27 Ditto Ditto
A Draft on Messrs. Hankey and Co. £53 13s.
Ditto Dorien and Co. 367 7
Ditto Carnet and Co. 30 16
Ditto Stephenson and Co. 52 4
Ditto Rogers and Co. 33 16
Ditto Prefect and Co. 37 18
Ditto Harcourt and Co. 37 16
Ditto Smith, Payne and Co. 20 15
Ditto Dorien and Co. £45 7s 6d
Ditto Le Fevre & Co. 112 12 6
Ditto - - - 820 0 0

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N. B. No greater Reward will be offered, as payment of the whole is stopped, and the loss made known throughout this Country and Continent.
april 19. 2aw2m

Notice.
A CERTIFICATE of one share of Bank of United States, Rock standing in the name of DUGAS DE VALLON, having been lost or mislaid, application is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

Abraham Van Beuren.
Philadelphia & Lancaster Turnpike Office.
Philadelphia, April 22, 1799.

WANTED,
AN active Man, of good character, to superintend the Turnpike Road, he must be well recommended and give such security as may be required; for further information apply from the 7th to the 15th May next at this office.
Wm. GOVETT, Secretary.
th&1f 111M

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to JOHN RILEY, of A. of Well-Chester, in Chester county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any demands are requested to bring in their accounts to either of the subscribers.
EBENEZER LARGE,
JOHN FRIES, Assignees.
JOSEPH CLARK,
Philadelphia, april 3. cod3w

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the estate of John O'Connor of Warwick township, Bucks county, lately deceased, are requested to pay the same to the subscriber, and those who may have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts legally proved for payment to
STEPHEN MOYLAN, Executor.
april 22. d2w

NOTICE.
THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,
Joshua B. Bond,
John Brooks.
april 1. 9

NOTICE.
ALL Persons having any Demands against the estate of the late Robert Hardie, mariner, deceased, are hereby requested to present them for settlement, and all those indebted to said estate, to make payment to either of the subscribers
PETER BAYNTON,
JOHN CRAIG, Executors
No. 12, Dock-street.
jan. 14. 3aw1f

All Persons
Indebted to the Estate of HENRY HILL, deceased are requested to make payment to the subscriber and those having any demands on the same to produce their accounts for settlement.
GIDEON H. WELLS,
Agent to the Exr.
no. 135, Market street
cod1f

REMOVAL.
ROBERT COE & SON,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
Brush Manufactory and Ironmongery Store, to No. 175, Market Street, nearly opposite the Cornerstone Waggon, where they have for sale as usual, home manufactured and imported Brushes of almost every description, together with a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Saddlery, and Brass wares, to which they expect by the spring vessels an ample addition.
4th mo. 10. cod1f

For Sale,
By **WILLIAM MOTT,**
No. 145, Market-street,
Very low for CASH, or a short CREDIT, a large assortment of printed cotton handkerchiefs.
Do. bandannas, Romalls and handkerchiefs.
2 Trunks printed cottons,
Best English lincings, modes,
7 4 superfine cloths,
Several packages assorted handkerchiefs unopened,
18 casks pewter assorted,
1 cask bar tin,
1 trunk secrets 4d & 6d,
1 trunk furniture fringes,
Black and white laces and edgings.
may 11. 2aw1f.

To be Let,
Near the corner of Market & Fourth streets,
A SPACIOUS
Back Store and a large Cellar,
Both well calculated for storing merchandise—Also a very good Stable and Coach-house for four horses. Enquire at
No. 6, North Fourth Street.
may 11. 5

Antigua & St. Kitts
RUM & MOLASSES,
Now Landing, from the Prize Schooner Union, AND FOR SALE BY
Nichlin & Griffith.
may 10. d6t

MISS CURRIE
Respectfully informs the Ladies of Philadelphia, that she is now
SELLING OFF AN
Elegant Assortment of Millinery,
At the first cost.
Spruce street, No. 66.
may 10. 1aw3w

UNITED STATES, &c.
Pennsylvania District.
NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of Writs to me directed by the Hon. Richard Peters, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale at the Custom-house, in the City of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 16th day of May, (viz.)

1 barrel of Sugar
2 barrels of Molasses
3 chests of Sugar
3 and a part of a bag of Coffee
1 small box of Coffee
2 bags of Sugar
2 small cases, and
11 jars Tamarinds
4 kegs do
1 keg Sugar
2 hogheads of Rum
7 casks of distilled spirits
4 boxes of Sugar
A quantity of Queens Ware
2 Looking Glasses
13 Pictures
4 Salt Cellars
1 Needle and Thread Case
4 Loaves of Sugar.
The same having been libelled against, presented and condemned as forfeited in the said Court.
William Nichols, marshal.
Marshall's Office, }
1st May, 1799. }

For Sale,
By **WILLIAM MOTT,**
No. 145, Market-street,
Very low for CASH, or a short CREDIT, a large assortment of printed cotton handkerchiefs.
Do. bandannas, Romalls and handkerchiefs.
2 Trunks printed cottons,
Best English lincings, modes,
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2 Looking Glasses
13 Pictures
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4 Loaves of Sugar.
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William Nichols, marshal.
Marshall's Office, }
1st May, 1799. }

MAIL COACHEES
Between **PHILADELPHIA** and **BALTIMORE,**
LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning.
Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.
Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning.
Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coaches to be taken in New-York,
At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street.
In Philadelphia.
At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, fourth Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

In Baltimore.
At Evans' Tavern.
Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.
All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.
The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage.
LEVI PEASE,
Agent for the Public Line from Philadelphia to Baltimore.
WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.
Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.
General Post-Office, }
May 1. }

Mahogany.
THE subscriber, intending to leave off, the Mahogany and Lumber Business, offers for sale at his yard, the corner of Queen and Water streets, Southwark, all his stock on hand, consisting of a great variety of
St. Domingo and Bay Mahogany Boards,
Plank and Scantling,
All well seasoned and fit for immediate use. Also a few thousand feet seasoned half inch and inch White Pine Boards, and a small quantity of two feet cedar shingles.
All that shall remain unsold, will be disposed of at public sale, at 10 o'clock on Thursday the 28th instant. The terms of payment will be cash for purchases under 100 dollars, from 100 to 500 dollars at 60 days, and all above 500 dollars at 60 and 120 days, for approved indorced notes, with the discount. The sale to be continued until the whole is disposed of.
JOHN McCULLOH.
N. B. The subscriber will sell or let the above yard, wharf and dwelling house, which he now occupies.
march 4. cod 28May

LIST OF PRIZES,
Drawn in the Canal Lottery, No. II.
As certified by the Commissioners appointed
by the Governor agreeably to Law.

No. 10,098 is 20,000 Dollars.—No. 19,971
10,000 Dollars.

Nos. 613, 1566, 3195, 4766, 17862, are
4000.

Nos. 1797, 7054, 7260, 7741, 11441,
12659, 16268, 16973, 18015, and
28105, are 2000 dollars.

Nos. 1648, 2239, 3392, 3488, 4564, 7034,
7190, 8017, 9451, 9485, 11177,
12519, 14394, 17423, 19065, 22123,
23909, 23665, 26237, and 29557,
are 1000 dollars each.

The following Numbers are Prizes of 500
dollars each.

28	7565	9391	13207	17417	23197
1401	8232	395	452	588	24706
2213	235	881	15474	18874	27148
238	379	974	953	19874	28689
4447	528	12052	16325	21343	694
5904	9057	247	17018	22990	865
6429	262	383	163	23185	29223
					919

The following Numbers are Prizes of 200
dollars each.

470	5887	9206	14920	19976	24704
499	896	898	15327	20036	26150
517	6080	10021	676	78	181
1021	272	32	16245	249	748
384	864	228	89	21002	852
2884	7099	318	639	292	988
975	264	369	773	390	27039
3198	321	11456	787	491	598
349	435	698	17560	616	663
608	447	12261	782	871	676
4147	8070	264	832	22369	902
313	92	13028	18236	389	28255
5088	245	378	244	23403	29242
96	282	407	706	481	458
426	364	14080	925	513	687
687	605	112	19474	646	852
762	9009	158	595		

The following Numbers are Prizes of 100
dollars each.

71	5481	10983	15077	17972	25856
129	804	11005	321	18808	26085
216	853	162	389	20117	448
1155	6003	526	663	541	27739
830	131	12272	17073	21065	845
2232	841	293	180	659	28001
429	889	562	247	735	610
528	955	585	366	22881	46
749	7078	774	401	999	371
860	552	806	444	23552	655
3243	8367	834	544	749	682
616	780	13600	602	782	29143
4009	978	781	695	24095	671
169	999	14040	705	326	676
403	971	391	750	654	783
784	10056	719	762	25744	979
934	341	15049	931		

The following Numbers are Prizes of 50
dollars each.

163	4592	9068	14968	21712	26062
179	938	105	15431	117	263
358	5008	521	449	273	327
552	044	548	573	328	418
505	050	632	16299	361	432
584	089	10057	349	392	445
696	365	097	387	2533	509
727	458	245	498	582	649
1151	738	345	530	590	825
644	790	577	636	630	935
667	941	611	888	844	997
845	6168	689	908	22115	27011
971	469	11317	17071	127	063
2035	549	319	445	191	073
403	7048	326	961	316	287
513	172	695	18279	452	445
606	221	763	117	498	716
632	241	775	566	508	753
734	407	12137	618	870	838
750	612	421	907	965	891
751	793	451	938	23011	28974
872	706	515	19027	131	75
892	962	800	127	453	114
3018	8143	13089	168	591	183
067	180	091	246	24019	238
079	318	183	485	66	860
309	469	550	497	135	949
449	592	740	530	277	970
630	645	759	572	606	29157
867	671	14306	835	642	215
4095	741	315	989	738	364
155	787	398	997	25013	406
317	910	440	20038	239	691
332	920	515	142	290	771
394	9090	732	351	590	778
433	050	747	755	774	832
544	053	778	956		

All the numbers from 1 to 30,000 that
are not here contained are prizes of five dol-
lars each. Dated May 10, 1799.
ROBERT BROOKE, Clerk.

To be Sold at Public Sale,
At the MERCHANTS' COFFEE-HOUSE,
On Wednesday next, the 15th instant, at seven
o'clock, in the Evening,
Several very Elegant Situations for
SUMMER RETREATS,
Three and a half miles from the Court-House,
near Frankfort Road.

THESE Situations are considered in point
of health, beauty and elegance, equal to any
near the city; commanding a very extensive view
of the Delaware, the Shipping in the harbour, the
City, Harrowgate, Frankfort, and several elegant
country seats.

Any person desirous of viewing the grounds
will please apply to Henry Haines on the premises.
The terms, which will be easy, will be made
known at the time of sale.
The plan of the above Lots may be seen at the
Coffee House.

CONNELLY & Co. Auctioneers.
May 9

Equestrian Club.
THE Members composing the
Equestrian Club, will meet on Thursday
evening next, at Hardy's New Inn, in Mar-
ket Street.
JOHN H. BARNES,
Sec'y.
Phila. May 10.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 14.

From the Aurora.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE AURORA.

SIR,
ON the return of the troops who
performed the expedition to Northampton,
we observed that, during their absence, fev-
eral publications had appeared in the Aurora
under the form of "extracts of letters"
whereby the most unfounded imputations
were attempted to be fixed on the troops
themselves, and on their commander. In
one of these extracts it is alleged "that a
number of the troops who derived their au-
thority from the federal government, lived
at free quarters on the people." Another
asserts that there were among the prisoners
"some old men whose wrists were raw to
the bone with the hand-cuffs." Several other
charges of a similar nature, and tending to
confirm these two, are to be found in the ex-
tracts.

These slanders were so notoriously false,
that all concerned thought them unworthy
of refutation. We therefore remained silent,
although the part which we had in the ex-
pedition, and the relation in which we stood
to the very respectable officer by whom it was
conducted, and whose character was thus in-
decently assailed, gave us, in a very particu-
lar manner, the right of speaking. A simi-
lar conduct we resolved to observe with respect
to the gross misrepresentations of the affair
with the Printer of Reading, which have ap-
peared in your paper since the return of the
troops; but a direct and most slanderous at-
tack, which, emboldened by this conduct,
you have recently made on the character and
conduct of the general has induced us to de-
part from this resolution.

In that attack you declare that a formal
complaint was made to the general respecting
the treatment received by the Printer at
Reading, from the Lancaster dragoons, that
he "affected much concern; promised much;
and did nothing." In some of your pre-
vious publications on this subject, you very
plainly insinuate that he sent off the Lancas-
ter troop on Sunday, in order to screen them
from the proofs of the law.

With the candid and well informed, the
fair and well-earned reputation of this offi-
cer would sufficiently shield him against cal-
umnies so gross, and people of that descrip-
tion will, moreover, know that Sunday is
no protection against arrest for an assault, or
any other breach of the peace; but unfortu-
nately there are some who for want of
knowledge, or from a disposition to find fault,
give too ready an admission to slander, espe-
cially when it assumes the bold form of a
statement of facts. To such we deem it pro-
per to address ourselves on this occasion;
and having been induced by this late attack
to take up the subject, we shall not confine
ourselves entirely to that; but shall advert
also to the principal accusations contained in
the abovementioned extracts.

We therefore declare that those extracts,
and especially the parts quoted above, are
absolutely falsehoods. If they really were
written by some person in Camp, as they
purport to be, and not fabricated in this
city, the writer must have known them to be
false. What his motives were for thus slan-
dering his general and his fellow soldiers,
and inventing falsehoods for the purpose of
fixing the imputation of the vilest conduct on re-
spectable a body of men as those troops,
who, at great expence and inconvenience to
themselves, were engaged in the service of
their country, will best be judged of by
those who have observed the malignity of
the jacobin spirit, and the profligate arts
whereby it aims at the accomplishment of its
purposes. We say that he must have known
these charges to be false; because it was a
matter of the utmost notoriety, that the
troops, far from living at free quarters, paid,
at the highest rate, for whatever they got
from the people; that no destruction, or vi-
olence of any kind, was permitted or prac-
tised; and that the prisoners were treated,
at all times with the greatest humanity, and
as much tenderness as was consistent with a
state of secure confinement. They made but
three marches; the longest of which was ten
miles: They drew the same rations with the
troops; their friends were, at all times, al-
lowed access to them: they were lodged in
houses when houses could be procured; and
when not, in tents, with fires, and a full al-
lowance of clean straw to lie on: and when
it became necessary to send them to town,
they were sent in carriages. They were nev-
er in irons except during the night, and
when it was necessary to keep them in tents.
Even then, but few of them were confined
in that manner, and these were hand-cuffed,
two and two together, with irons far too light
to do them any injury. The necessity of
this confinement, under such circumstances,
must be obvious to every one. The officer
of the guard, indeed, declared that without it,
he could not be answerable for their safe-
keeping.

In what manner these prisoners were treat-
ed, and what attention was paid to their
situation, and their wants, will further ap-
pear from the subjoined certificate of Doctor
Strong, chief surgeon of the expedition.—
[See Document A.]

We come now to see the affair of the
Lancaster troops, and the Printer at Reading;
the misrepresentations of which we think it
our duty to refute.

Some parties from the Lancaster troop, on
its march to join the General at Millers-
town, assisted in cutting down several sedi-
tious poles in the neighbourhood of Reading.
During their halt at that town, to wait for
orders, they heard that a pole of this descrip-
tion had been erected with great parade at
some miles distance; and a small party of

them, eight or nine, resolved without the
knowledge of their officers, to go and at-
tempt to cut it down. On their arrival,
they found it guarded by not less than one
hundred armed men. They therefore re-
tired.

It appeared, on a careful enquiry, that the
Lancaster troops, in these different expedi-
tions, conducted themselves with the utmost
propriety towards the inhabitants, and con-
fined themselves entirely to cutting down the
sedition-poles.

After the departure of the troop from
Reading, there appeared in a Gazette of that
place, and in the German language, a publi-
cation purporting to be a narrative of these
transactions. In this paper, of which a transla-
tion is subjoined for the information of the
public, [B] the Lancaster troops were
charged with every species of excess and out-
rage; were expressly called Cannibals and
Banditti; were accused of theft, cruelty, and
cowardice, with whipping children, and as-
saulting women with pistols, and drawn
swords.

On the return of the troops to Reading,
which was on Saturday, the Lancaster troop-
ers, having been informed of this publica-
tion, called on the printer, and demanded
the author. After some hesitation he con-
fessed himself to be, in part, the author; al-
leging that two other persons who were
absent, but whom he named, had assisted in
the composition. On this he received six
lashes on his shirt, in the market-place, from
the trumpeter of the troop, and in presence
of two of the troops.

Soon after this affair happened, the Gen-
eral was called from his dinner to be in-
formed of it, by Mr. Heister, Mr. Frailley,
and some other persons. He replied that he
would enquire into the matter, and cause the
proper steps to be taken respecting it.—
He then ordered a translation of the
paper in question to be brought to him
immediately; and in the course of the
afternoon sent Mr. Williams to request
Mr. Heister to call on him either that even-
ing, or the next morning, as might be most
convenient. Mr. Heister promised to come
at nine in the morning, at which hour the
Captain of the Lancaster troop was ordered
to attend. He came accordingly, but Mr.
Heister, though waited for a considerable
time, did not appear, nor did any of the per-
sons who appeared, the day before, to be en-
gaged in the affair.

The General, in the mean time, received
information that warrants had been applied
for against the parties concerned, and having
carefully examined the business, he consid-
ered it as more proper for civil, than for mili-
tary cognizance. In the former case, it
would be tried by a jury of the neighbour-
hood on the spot, where the fact had been
committed, and the witnesses resided; and
before judges in whose presence, almost,
the transaction had passed. In the latter, the
troops, extremely anxious to return home,
must have been detained for the proceedings
of a court martial, much to their own in-
convenience, and at a heavy expence to the
public; and the court martial itself, of ne-
cessity, have been composed of officers who
had served on the same expedition, partook
of the same feelings, and would therefore
have been exposed to the imputation of par-
tiality. The General, consequently, ordered
the parties concerned to go before a judge
of the county, surrender themselves into
custody, and give such bail as might be re-
quired, for their appearance at the next
court, to answer for the offence. This they
had always declared their willingness to do.
They did immediately, and Judge Morris
took the bail in the General's presence.

Even had not these steps been taken, still
the parties were fully within the reach of
the law; since during the whole of Satur-
day afternoon they were liable to a suit by
civil process, and might have been taken on
criminal process, at any time before their
departure on Sunday, which was not till 3
o'clock in the afternoon. That the least in-
sultation was given, or would have been
suffered, of an intention to resist, or elude,
the execution of writs, is absolutely false.

Early on Sunday the general had come to
a resolution to dismiss the troops early on
Monday morning; and captain Montgomery
having having represented that his pre-
sence was extremely necessary, on that day
at Lancaster, where the court was to com-
mence, and he was very extensively engaged
as Counsel, and Attorney, he received
permission to set out with his troop on their
return home, Sunday afternoon. They set
out about 3 o'clock, after giving bail. The
other troops received orders, on the same
evening, to set out to their respective homes
at day break next morning.

The public is now enabled to judge what
provocation the Lancaster troop had for their
conduct, and what truth there is in the
charges and insinuations contained in your
paper on that subject.

JONATHAN WILLIAMS.
ROBERT G. HARPER.
May 10, 1799.

[A]
To JONATHAN WILLIAMS and ROBERT G.
HARPER, Esquires.

Gentlemen,
YOU have requested me to give you a
concise statement of what I observed on the
expedition, relative to the situation and treat-
ment of the prisoners. I shall offer it to
you with great cheerfulness, as it may vin-
dicate the army from that odious and charac-
ter of cruelty and inhumanity which has
been affixed to it by some evil spirited de-
clamers.

While with the army, I considered it a
branch of my professional duty to visit the
prisoners; and to enquire if any diseases or
complaints required my attention. At Mil-
ler's Town I visited the provost guard, to
see if any of the prisoners were sick and want-
ing my assistance. John Kline, one of the
number, was reported to be delirious on ac-
count of his anxieties for his family, and
great dread of the consequences of his arrest.
I examined him, and discovered that he was
in a maniacal state, which demanded my

sympathy and exertion for his relief. He
was liberated the same day, in conse-
quence of a written report I made to Judge
Peters of his unfortunate derangement of
mind. He was received into the hospital
and furnished with every comfort in my pow-
er until the army marched, when he was dis-
missed to return to his family. My visits
to this man in the prison gave me a particu-
lar opportunity to ascertain the situation of
the prisoners. They were in a large cham-
ber, not one of them in irons, and supplied
with the same rations which were issued to
the soldiers. One man complained of a
slight wound of his knee, and was furnished
with proper dressings. They were told by
me that if they had any sickness or com-
plaints, they should receive my particular at-
tendance whenever I was informed of it.

Irons were only used in the artillery en-
campment at night, for the security of the
principal offenders. They were coupled to-
gether with a common handcuff between
two men. If any injuries had been received
by this mode of management, I should cer-
tainly have noticed them.

At Allen Town, where the troops re-
mained some time, I visited the prisoners in
the artillery encampment, and had but one
patient among them. He was furnished
with medicine and hospital stores, and soon
recovered. I saw no irons on any man at
this place, nor heard a single complaint.
From Allen Town they were sent in light
waggons to Philadelphia.

I am with much respect,
Your humble servant,
JOSEPH STRONG.
Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

[B]
FOR THE READING EAGLE,
[April 9th.]
Messrs. Schnyder and Company.

I learn by Mr. Gottlieb Jungmann's Eng-
lish Papers of the 6th inst. that a certain au-
thor has began an account, but has not finish-
ed it; carefully omitting what may appear
unfavourable to his own and the honor of
his party; but announcing every thing that
may serve to their honor, credit, and blas-
phemy of it.

I don't doubt, Sir, that you will very
much oblige the great number of your Re-
publican readers, by publishing the following
true statement of facts:

Monday on the 1st inst. in the afternoon
arrived capt. Montgomery's Troop of Light
Dragoons from Lancaster, in their March to
Northampton County, as it is said to take
up the Rebels there and restore Peace and
good Order.—But according to their con-
duct here I believe they would be more apt
to excite the people to insurrection and raise
them against their government, than to en-
force obedience and peaceable quietness, for
they have effectually already taken measures,
which are not only contrary to the laws of
the land and direct against the Constitution;
but also suitable to a country where despot-
ism prevails, and where every one may do
unpunished, what he can, as it was the case
in the 8th, 9th, and 10 centuries, in the
times of Sir Rights (or Club-Rights):—
In short, the measures of the Lancaster Dra-
goon Gentlemen, are more suitable for a
party of banditti, which endeavours to be-
come masters of every thing which their eye
meets with and to pack up what does not in the
least belong to them, than American Volun-
teers!!!

Their first undertakings, which the gen-
tlemen Light Dragoons of Lancaster at-
tempted in Reading to shew their Heroic
heroism to the inhabitants of Berks
county, were these: They went very still
and unnoticed (for this is their Sampson-like
political art from fear of meeting resistance)
to a citizen of this Town, who had erected
a Liberty Tree upon upon his own ground
and bottom, cut it down—but with this their
Herculean feat was not yet contented—but
they also terrified the Man's family with Pi-
stols and drawn Swords and took along with
them at parting the owners Instruments,
wherewith they had demolished the Ensign
of true Liberty—Ha! now they went to
the second expedition! at a certain place
had children erected a pole with a rag at
the top, but when they observed the advance
of these Herculeses, they down the pole and
the rag, and carried them into the house for
to keep peace with Destroyers of Liberty—
but these Herculeses heroes were not content-
ed with this, but marched with drawn
swords and pistols into the house and held
them against the breast of the owners of the
house, and swore bitterly to kill him it he
would say one word, They then cut the
Pole in pieces, packed up the rag, and went
off with a number of other articles which did
not belong to them.

The third Don Quixote adventure they
fought for at a little distance from the first,
but found nobody at home but a small boy,
who begged them that they should not throw
into Schuykill a cut off tree that lay there:
But these Herculean liberty-destroyers made
up to the little boy and flogged him most cruelly
without the least reason. From there they
went to several other places, where they per-
petrated not less shameful and cruel acts. By
this time however, there coming on the
night prevented their further intended ex-
pedition. But the following morning these
Hercules brothers were early on the way in
search of new Herculean adventures, but
were this time so unfortunate immedi-
ately to find some—Why unfortunate? Yes
here it had a frightful and terrible appearance
for these adventure hunting Cannibals ven-
tured only to about eighty steps within the
well guarded Liberty Tree.

Your readers, gentlemen, will not take
amiss my little description of this ensign of
liberty: It was and is until this hour painted
blood-red, and had therefore not only on
that account, a frightful and terrible ap-
pearance, but so much the more from this
particular reason, that it was guarded round
about with fire-vomiting rifles. The Her-
cules Brothers were surprized, stood still,
and staring at this wonder like a cow at a new

stable door—they were called to draw near,
but, lo! the tearing, horrid lions were by
this spectacle turned into fawning lambs—
they would not at all trust to this weather-
but remained where they were, but did not
come a step nearer, till a message was sent
to them—"They might only draw near—
what nearer to observe the ensign of liberty,
that surely no harm should be done them?"
Upon this one took the courage and rode
with him. When the rest saw that no harm
befel him, a few more followed. They were
asked what their desire was, they answered
nothing else but to see the Country and their
Liberty tree, and to exercise their horses a
little—they were further asked, if they had
not intended to cut down this liberty tree—
no, was their answer.—They were asked fur-
ther, if they had a right to cut down such
liberty trees, and to abuse the inhabitants?
they answered, they had not any right to it,
but they could perhaps get it, but then they
would not only cut down all liberty trees,
but they would burn and destroy every thing
where such poles had stood and been erected.

After this these Herculean Martial sons
were commanded to observe this liberty tree
properly, if they could see any thing sedi-
tious on it, if that was the case, they should
be welcome to cut it down. But they an-
swered that they could not see any thing sed-
itious on it, and that not a word, at least
on their side, should be said of it.

But they all must not be understood as
if the whole troop of Lancaster was meant.
No, only some of them, yet, it is doubted if
their officers knew any thing about it, till all
these adventures had passed. For when the
following day complaints were lodged with
the magistrate against their misconduct, they
were not only directly ready to give satis-
faction, but promised upon their honor,
that by none of them, any such misdeeds should
be made again, and that not a word, at least
on their side, should be said of it.

A FRIEND TO TRUTH.

Foreign Intelligence.
CONTINUED.

STRASBURGH, Feb. 22.
The passage of the Rhine is expected to
take place in a very few days. More troops
are continually arriving, and the passage
will be effected in four places, at Balle,
Brissach, Kehl, and Spire.

Bernadotte has declined the chief com-
mand of the Army of Italy; he will

endeavoured to animate the court of Vienna against that of Berlin, so in 1797 it has driven to the last against the first, by the peace of Campo Formio. In this manner it has successively obtained something from each of them, while it has given them nothing in exchange but advantages which put them in opposition to each other, and which has made them more occupied by reciprocally counterbalancing one another, than in stopping the progress of their common enemy, who, meanwhile attained his object, and realized the Fable of the lawyer and the oxler. It is thus that, since the courts of Vienna, and Berlin have ceased to coalesce, the French Government has laboured to present their re-union, the only formidable danger which it had to fear, and always to place between them the apple of discord, that it might in the interval accomplish its ultimate plans of conquest and revolution.

It has unfortunately been too successful in both objects. When undecieved by the radical infractions made by the French in the last treaty, and convinced of the extent of their views, the Court of Vienna perceived its error, and the necessity of uniting anew with that of Berlin, this presented as an objection the secret articles of the treaty of Campo Formio—that recriminated upon it the treaty of Basle. This might be a good answer, but a bad means of reconciliation, and the Negotiations of the Court of Coblentz, although supported by the Prince Reppin, had not the desired success. The intervention of the Court of Russia was an additional motive of that of Prussia to rate its services at the highest price, and not to defer from an important, to play a sabaltrn part.

How far will the invasion of Piedmont, the conquest of Naples, the theft of the Forts of Ehrenbriellein, and the imperious tone of the Directory, silence at the present moment all the motives of hatred, distrust, and ambition? Will the important mission of Mr Grenville produce the concentration of diverging views? Will the death of the Elector of Bavaria furnish a new incident in this political jumble, or will it be as some imagine the expected means of its solution?—This is what it is impossible for us to decide, and what will for some time be the object of public speculation, hope and fear.

As it is more particularly our duty to give an account of the circumstances and appearances of the moment, we must remark, that the mass of offensive facts which the Paris papers and the Hamburg mails bring, furnish us with plausible arguments both for peace and war, none of which are, however, decisive. The extension of the delay the term of which is not yet fixed, and the death of the Elector of Bavaria, appear to be sufficient reasons for supplanting that the Negotiations may continue. On the other hand, the menaces of the French, since the 15th of February, to pass the Rhine, the movements of the French and Austrian armies in Italy, the formation of a corps of 25,000 Imperialists in the higher Palatinate, and the continued march of the Russians, are reasons that lead us to consider the renewal of war at no great distance. It is however, at least certain and consolatory, that if war should recommence in the course of the present month, the Emperor will be in a situation to maintain it. Besides 24,000 Russians who are now rapidly marching towards Upper Austria, 16,000 more are following at the distance of only a few days march; 45,000 more are, it is said, to enter Germany by the South of Prussia, and according to letters from Constantinople, a considerable body is to embark on the Black Sea to join the Turkish fleet, and to make a diversion into Italy.

The inferior powers of Europe afford at this moment little matter for observations; they wait the great event which is to determine their fate. They have every thing to fear should peace be concluded, and every thing to hope from the renewal of war. The countries conquered by France are in the same situation, whose yoke will be made more grievous by peace, while a war will afford them the means and the opportunity of shaking it off. The government and people of Europe were formerly indebted to peace for their happiness; the most now be contented to owe their safety to their military energy.

March 12.
(PRIVATE LETTER.)
Dublin, March 7.

From what has passed upon the Regency Bill, it is expected that a warm debate will take place when it comes to be committed on this day 12th night. The principle of a Union will be again discussed, and it is thought that the Speaker will avail himself of the opportunity of replying to the charge of inconsistency which Mr. Pitt brought against him in his celebrated speech.

The following Circular Letter has been issued from the Adjutant General's Office to the Generals &c. commanding the several districts in this kingdom, dated

Dublin, 21st Feb. 1799.

It being now certain that the enemy is using every exertion to fit out another, and a more formidable, armament destined to act against this Country: I am directed by his excellency Marquis Cornwallis to refer you to the standing orders of the 12th of April, 1797, and to desire you will take the necessary measures for ascertaining whether the several regiments under your command be complete in every article requisite to march against an enemy; and for procuring a supply of their respective deficiencies, should at this late period any such exist; and the Lord Lieutenant desires you will point out to the commanding officers of regiments the indispensable necessity of the utmost precision on this subject, and their own responsibility for the complete equipment of their men for the field: I am further directed by his excellency to desire that you will order all officers now absent, not recruiting, or under

very strong circumstances, to be immediately called to their regiments, and that you will not forward any further memorials for leave of absence, except such very extraordinary cases, as you may judge necessary to attend to.

I have the honor to be, &c.
G. HEWITT, Adj. General.

Extract of a private letter from Dublin, February 28.

"The new Prime Serjeant, Sr. George Daly, goes the Munster Circuit, when he will commence his professional practice as a Judge of Assize.

"A violent riot took place at the theatre the other night in consequence of some gentleman refusing to take off their hats when God save the King was played. A noble lord took off the hat of one of the attorneys corps, who immediately knocked him down.—This produced a challenge, and the parties being bound over in the county of Dublin, they were to have met at Bray, but I have not yet heard the result of the affair. The dispute has, however, been serious to the theatre.—The whole Orchestra has been torn up by the mob."

March 1.
"I understand that the Yeomanry are to be marched from the contiguous counties into Connaught, to repress the disturbances there, or in other words to *hough the houghers.*"

MCPHERSON'S BLUES.

BATTALION ORDERS.
MAY 14, 1799.

The Artillery, Grenadiers and Infantry are ordered to parade at the Menage in Chefnut-street on Thursday the 16th inst. precisely at 4 o'clock P. M. completely equipped for the purpose of going through their firings.—Blank Cartridge will be furnished them on the parade.

By order of the Commandant.
JOHN M. CAULEY.

POST-OFFICE.
Philadelphia, May 11th, 1799.

THE Mail for the Eastern shore of Maryland, will in future be closed with the Southern Mail, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at half past 7 o'clock A. M. and the Mail for the Eastern Shore of Virginia, via New-Castle, to Northampton Court House, Virginia, will be closed every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at half an hour before sun set.

may 13

For Sale.
THE time of a Black Boy, thirteen years of age, has fifteen years to serve.—He is stout, active and healthy.
Enquire at No 129, Chefnut-street.
may 13

Bank of North America.
May 10, 1799.

A General meeting of the stockholders will be held at the Bank on Tuesday the 28th inst. at ten o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of electing three Directors, in the places of Mordecai Lewis deceased, and Miers Fisher and Richard Rundle, resigned.

By order of the board,
RICHARD WELLS, Cashier.

Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,
Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolution of the president and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock-holders are hereby notified and required to pay, on each of their respective shares, to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city, 15 dollars on the 15th June next, 20 dollars on the 15th July next, and 20 dollars on the 15th August next.

Wm. GOVETT, Treasurer.
mktuaw (dfr. 21015A)

To be sold at Public Auction.
On Wednesday evening the 23d of May instant at the City Tavern, in Second-street, at 7 o'clock.

A VERY valuable Three story BRICK HOUSE, Kitchen and the Lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate at the south east corner of Race and Seventh-streets in this City. The Lot is 76 feet front on Race-street and 88 feet deep on Seventh-street. The House is about twenty-five feet front, is well built and completely furnished. There is also a small Frame Building on part of this lot fronting on Race-street, it is free of every incumbrance, and immediate possession will be given. Also a ground rent of one hundred and fifty pounds per ann. free of all taxes and charges whatsoever, payable half yearly, issuing out of a lot of ground situate at the north east corner of Walnut and Fifth-street, in the City of Philadelphia, on which lot is erected several Brick and Frame tenements. The situation is desirable, being opposite the State House square on Fifth-street. The terms of sale will be made known at the time thereof, on application to the subscribers.

Connelly & Co. Auc'rs.
may 13.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE Lot and two story frame House, situate on the Bethlehem and Allentown road, near the Turk's Head tavern, about 25 miles from Philadelphia. The house is about 45 by 35 feet. On the ground floor are two large commodious rooms; a salt store; and a large store suitable for dry goods. On the second story are four rooms. The whole has been built about 8 years, is completely finished, and has been occupied as a store for 7 years past. On the lot (which contains about half an acre) there is a good stable and garden.

The above is an excellent stand for business, it being at the intersection of six roads, and is now let for £40 per annum. The present tenant is willing either to continue in the tenure of the whole, or to rent all except two rooms, as may be agreeable to the purchaser.

For further information enquire of Jacob Clemens, Turkshead tavern, as above, or of
TIMOTHY BANGER,
No. 62, North Sixth-street.
may 7

Letters for the ship Birmingham Packet, Kelley for London, will be received at the Coffee House until Tuesday morning, the 14th inst. at 9 o'clock.

By this Day's Mail.

BOSTON, May 9.

War with the Tyrants.

The official Declaration of War by Deslourneaux, sub-tyrant at Guadeloupe, is at length come to hand. It states, that

Deslourneaux, calling himself "a particular agent" of the Executive Directory, HAS DECLARED WAR AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

After a long exordium, in which he describes his unremitted attention to keep up and cultivate, by a free and open conduct, the friendship of the United States, and supporting his professions by the return of the "Retaliation," which he says he made to the President, he orders all commanders of French armed ships to pursue, capture and bring into port all American vessels, whether belonging to the Government or to individuals. Those belonging to the American Government to be retained for service. Merchant ships, if *condemnable* to be sold, as usual, for the profit of the captors; and if *not condemnable* to be sold nevertheless, for the profit of ***** the proceeds thereof to be deposited into the coffers of the French Republic, one and indivisible.

This declaration took place some time in March last.

Thus notwithstanding the uniform disposition of this country to preserve peace; notwithstanding all our sufferings borne for years with a patience bordering on pusillanimity; notwithstanding the many declarations of both our Presidents that war was not our choice, and if we were brought to it, it would be from necessity; notwithstanding the recent nomination of an embassy, for the purpose of meeting even the finalist appearance of probability, for the purpose of averting that appeal which has so often been the scourge of nations, are we compelled to the *ultima ratio* of republics as well as monarchies. May the war thus commenced by our enemies be prosecuted with spirit and firmness on our part, till the haughty, deceitful, and bloody power which has destroyed the peace and happiness of half Europe, and menaces all the world, is reduced as low as vice and infamy deserves.

The deadening hand of Gallic intrigue had benumbed the vital energy of the once vigorous kingdom of Naples with its contagious touch. It was this, which, by its secret and powerful influence had already effected the political death of the kingdom. The French army had nothing more to do than form the splendid parade of its funeral procession. The unfortunate king and his royal consort are doomed to lament in a foreign country the disasters of their unhappy dominions, with no other consolation, than that the destruction, which is now inevitable, might probably have been averted by TIMELY VIGOR, and SPIRITED RESISTANCE.

NEW-YORK, May 13.

We have it from good authority, that information has been lodged with the Commissioner of Health, that the Sloop Rising Sun from the West Indies, commanded by William Selick, arrived on Thursday last in this port through the Sound, and entered at the Custom-House, without complying with the forms prescribed by the Quarantine Law.

In this transaction the public are deeply interested. It should therefore be known, why an offence so pointed and palpable is suffered to pass with impunity; and of which the consequences might be terrible to the inhabitants of a populous and commercial city.

The Rising Sun has kept her station at the wharf ever since her arrival—and the cargo has been discharged.

The public welfare requires vigilance on the part of those invested with power to prevent the introduction of disease, and more especially at a time when we know that dangerous infectious diseases are prevalent in the Islands. We are informed that the ship Three Sisters is arrived at Staten Island from the Havana, and now lies at Quarantine. During her stay at that port, she lost seven of her hands by the Yellow-Fever.—An additional stimulus for watchfulness on the part of the Health-Office.

A letter received by a Gentleman in this City, from his correspondent in Ireland, dated the 23d of March, informs, that a fleet of 18 fail of the line and some vessels of smaller force, with 40 000 Troops on board were laying at Brest with their anchors a-tipt, their destination unknown. In consequence of which the British Minister had given directions to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to hold the Military of that kingdom in readiness.

BALTIMORE, May 9.

John Thompson, commander of the schooner Potomack, left Surinam the 1st April last, and informs—that two days previous to his sailing, was brought in, the American brig Prudence, of Washington in North-Carolina, which had been captured to leagues to the eastward on the river Surinam, by the French national schooner Importune, capt. Malvin, with two French privateers in company. The Prudence being very leaky and a dull sailing vessel, they were obliged to bear down for Surinam; all the men were out except the master capt. Farquhire and the cabin boy; and the papers concerning the vessel were taken to Cayenne by capt. Malvin, where it was generally supposed the should be condemned.

At the arrival of the Prudence at Surinam, the governor was out of town, but the second in command, ordered the French prize-master to anchor under the reach of the guns of a Dutch man of war, and immediately a Dutch guard was placed on board, in order to prevent any thing being taken out by the French prize-master during her

stay at Surinam; it was generally believed, that the governor Frederici, would not allow the French to sell their prizes at that place, and it was reported the evening before captain T's sailing that the governor had issued his orders already for her departure; but the brig not being fit for sea, prevented the orders from being executed—consequently she is obliged to discharge, and the cargo to be placed in one of the government stores, under directions of proper persons appointed for that purpose; but it was said that as soon as the vessel was repaired, her cargo should be taken in, and that the orders for her departure should be rigorously executed. Our informant has not the least doubt but that the governor will maintain his neutrality with the Americans.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 14.

The horrid and defolating war still waged by France against every country whose tranquillity and prosperity afford subject for her envy or food for her rapacity, seems at length more completely than ever to have been stripped of the false gloss with which intriguing villainy had covered it, and to be resolved into a struggle, clearly defined and unequivocal, between virtue and vice—order and confusion. It is no longer the simple warfare of Republicanism against Monarchy: that guise (if it ever appeared in such to any man of sense) is effectually stripped off, and it stands before us in all its horrid nakedness, the struggle of Passion against Restraint, of Idleness against Industry, and needy Villainy against successful Honesty, for the hard-earned pittance of a life of toil. The Master Murderers, by whose extensive juggling all the ponderous mass of under-destroyers is moved to deeds of death and desolation, erect, in the haughty hey-day of their pride, and in all the fulness of their nauseating arrogance, a Samian gate, under which they swear to make all spirits bend, but the mighty and adorable genius of Republicanism; and lo, the first victims of their triumph and their pride are Republics. They exalt Liberty, republican Liberty, haughty, high-souled, uncompromising and repulsive, as a fit image for more than temporal adoration; and the first power which they acknowledge to possess and display it, is spurned at, kicked and cuffed by the mandates and the minions of this incomprehensible quantum virate. Like Judas, they have thus betrayed with a kiss. All that they have affected to venerate has bent or is to bend beneath the yoke, and to pass through the accursed and irretrievable gate. Thus the sword-wipes away the delusions of the tongue and pen; and we poor mortals who erst dreamt no less than that all France pretended was true, are waked at last by the clangor of her murdering sword, her shrieks of misery and yells of torture.

"Sunt lacryma rerum, et mentem mortalia tangunt."

We had occasion to notice some days since the exceedingly gross and offensive terms, adopted by a Dr. Mitchell, in writing on the Yellow Fever. But the same piece contained other expressions absolutely shocking. All enlightened men revolt at such indications of a nature as to every fine feeling; and in many societies this stoic would not have escaped a severer reprobation. Mr. Wyndham, in the British House of Commons, not long after the affair at Quiberon, in some observations which he made, spoke of the "skeleton of an army": his want of feeling displayed on this occasion, is conceived by a very eminent writer to merit severe reprobation. "Sorrow," says he, "is sacred, and should have the language of consolation even from the lips of a Statesman." How much more, then, from those of a Physician!

ERASMUS,

Having borrowed a poney from Sir Thomas Moore to carry him to Dover, he was so much pleased with the nag as to take him across to Holland.—And in answer to a billet of remonstrance from Sir Thomas, he transmitted the following.

Quid mihi dixisti
De corpore Christi
Crede quod edes et edes
Ego scribo de tuo palfrido
Crede quod habes et habes.

There was no reasoning against logic so conclusive, and the Catholic dropped the fuit.

Yesterday the Circuit Court proceeded in the trial of Christian Ruth, Daniel Schwartz, sen. Daniel Schwartz jun. Henry Stahler, Henry Scheffert, and George Schaeffer on the charges for conspiracy, rescue and obstruction of process. All the witnesses in support of the prosecution were examined: and Mr. McKean and Mr. Dallas, were heard in defence of the prisoners. At nine o'clock the Court adjourned to this morning.

John Fries lately convicted of Treason against the United States, was yesterday morning ordered to be brought to the bar, that judgment might be passed; when Mr. Lewis rose and observed, that since coming into Court he had received information, which if true, was of a nature that could not fail to the interest of the court in behalf of the prisoner. It would be improper, he said, to mention it to the court until its truth was ascertained, and as he intended (if on enquiry it should turn out to be true) to make it the ground of a motion, prayed that the prisoner might not be brought to the bar till this morning—which was granted.

This morning, on motion of Mr. Lewis, and by acquiescence of the Attorney General, the Court agreed to suspend judgment in this case, in consideration of the circumstances adduced by Mr. Lewis, the Counsel for the prisoner. We understand this circumstance to be, a declaration by one of the Jury, prematurely expressing an opinion.

War, which has been so long waged by France against the United States, is at length formally declared—among the advantages to be derived from this certain state of things, it is not the least important, that a complete check will thereby be given to the villainous abuse which has heretofore issued with impunity from the French presses in this country, against our nation and government. We shall now see whether the Aurora, the Argus, the Chronicle, and the other directorial prints will dare, in the face of the Constitution and the statute to continue to adhere to the enemies of the United States—and, if they do, we shall see whether justice cannot be done against them.

PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL.

5th Month 14th, 1799.
At the Annual Election held the 6th inst. the following contributors were chosen for the ensuing year, viz.

MANAGERS.

Josiah Hewes,
Samuel Coates,
Samuel Clark,
Pattison Hartshorne,
Elision Perot,
Lawrence Seckel,
Thomas Morris,
Robert Wain,
James Smith, jun.
Hmel Pleasants,
John Dorsey, and
Robert Smith, Merchant.

THE TREASURER.

Joseph Saunders Lewis.

Of which Managers, a board met yesterday, and chose the following Contributors

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Thomas Parke,
Dr. Benjamin Rush,
Dr. William Shippen,
Dr. Caspar Wistar,
Dr. Philip Syng Physick,
Dr. Benjamin Smith Barton.

The Sitting Managers are, Pattison Hartshorne and Robert Smith. The Attending Physicians are, Dr. Parke and Dr. Wistar.

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia, ARRIVED.

Brig Jack, Stiles,	days
Schr. Peggy, Brown, N. Carolina (with naval stores) 5	Norfolk 5

Sloop Bethiah, Butler,

Ship New Jersey, Rofeter Canton

Woodrop Sims, Hodgson London

Birmingham Packet, Kelly, do.

Sloop Liberty, Johnson Surinam

Little Sam, Dickey Norfolk

The Havanna fleet is below.

Schooner Harmony, Houston is below from St. Thomas's.

New Theatre.

On WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 13, Will be presented (not acted this season) a TRAGEDY, called

Tancred & Sigismunda.

(Written by Thompson, the admired Author of the Seasons.)

Tancred (by a young gentleman, being his first appearance)

Earl Osmond, Mr Marshall

Siffredi, Mr Warren

Rodolpho, Mr Warren, jun.

Officer, Mr Warren.

Guards, Messrs. Lavancy, Doctor, &c.

Laura, Miss L'Estrange

Sigismunda, Miss Merry

End of the Tragedy, a favourite Ballet Dance, (composed by Mr. Byrne) called

THE BOUQUET.

In which will be introduced the celebrated Tambourine Dance.

The principal parts, by Mrs. Byrne, Mr. Byrne and Mr. Warren, Jun.

To which will be added (not acted this season) a Comic Opera, called

THE SHIPWRECK.

[As performed the whole of last season at Drury Lane Theatre, London; and now performing with unbounded applause.]

The music by Doctor Arnold.

Selvyn, Mr Warren, jun.

Harry Hawter, Mr Harding

Michael Goto, Mr Warren

Shark, Mr Bliffert

Stave (a parish clerk) Mr Bernard

Dick, Mr Fox

Angelica, Miss L'Estrange

Fanny, Miss Arnold

Sally Shamrock, Mrs Warren

Plunderers, Smugglers, Sailors—Messrs. Warrell, Lavancy, Doctor, &c.

With new Scenery, Machinery, and Decorations.

In the first Act. A Representation of a Storm, Lee-Shore, and Cragsy Cliffs—followed by the striking of a Vessel on a Rock—and the Ship going to pieces.

While a party of Smugglers and plunderers are watching to take possession of the Wreck. Tickets to be had at H. & P. Rice's Book store, No. 16, South Second Street, at Carr's Music Repository, No. 36, South Second street, and at the office adjoining the Theatre.

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the City Guard-house, on the night of the 12th instant, William Reed, corporal of marines, 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, dark brown hair, swarthy complexion and blue eyes. Whoever apprehends said deserter, and lodges him in goal, or deliver him at the Marine Barracks, will be entitled to the above reward, and all reasonable charges.

JAMES M'KNIGHT,
Captain, commanding Marine Barracks.
may 14

Notice is hereby given,

THAT separate proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Department of War, until the expiration of the 25th of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations, which may be required for the use of the United States, from the first day of October, 1799, to the thirtieth day of September, 1800, both days inclusive, at the places and within the two districts herein after first mentioned; and also that separate proposals will be received at the said office until the expiration of the 25th day of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may be required as aforesaid, from the first day of January in the year 1800, to the thirty-first day of December in the same year, both days inclusive, at the place and within the several places herein after mentioned, viz.

First—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at Oswego; at Niagara; at Presqueville; at Michilimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Le Boeuf; at Cincinnati; at Piquette town; and Laramie stores; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Dearborn; at any place below Fort Dearborn, on the Miami river to Lake Erie; at Fort Knox; and Oquation on the river Washita; at Malaga; at any place or places on the east side of the river Mississippi, above the mouth of the river Ohio; and upon the Illinois river.

Second—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at any place or places, on the east side of the Mississippi river, below the mouth of the river Ohio to the southern boundary of the State of Kentucky and within the said State; at Knoxville; at all other places and places within the State of Tennessee; at St. Stephens on the river Tombigby; and any place or places within the Cherokee boundaries; below the southern boundary of the State of Tennessee and within the boundary of the United States.

Third—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at Pointe-à-Pierre; at Coleraine; at Savannah; and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the State of Georgia; at all forts or stations on the Oconee and Altamaha, and at all other places in the Creek Nation, within the limits of the United States, where troops are or may be stationed.

Fourth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Johnston, at Fort Pinckney, at Charleston, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the State of South Carolina.

Fifth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at the Fort at Wilmington, Cape Fear; at Beaufort Island, Ocracoke; at Charlotte; at Fayetteville; at Salisbury, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the State of North Carolina.

Sixth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Norfolk, at Portsmouth, at Kennebec, at Charlestown, at Winchester, at Staunton, at Richmond, at Alexandria, at Leesburg, at Fredericksburg, at Carlisle, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited, in the State of Virginia.

Seventh—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Mifflin, at Baltimore, at Annapolis, at Frederick town, at Leonard town, at Hagerstown, at Bladenburg, at Georgetown, at Harper's ferry, at Elbtown, at the Head of Elk, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Maryland.

Eighth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Mifflin, at Philadelphia, at Darby, at Lancaster, at Wilkesbarre, at Reading, at Bristol, at Yorktown, at Carlisle, at Lewistown (Mifflin county) at Bedford, at Greentown, at Washington, at Easton, at Williamsport, at Christiana, at Dover, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Pennsylvania and Delaware, except the parts within the State of Pennsylvania, enumerated in the first proposals aforesaid.

Ninth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Hackensack, at Elizabeth town, at New-Brunswick, at Burlington, at Woodbury, at Trenton, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of New-Jersey.

Tenth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at New-York, at West-Point, at Flushing, at Harlem, at West-Chester, at Poughkeepsie, at Kenderhook, at Stillwater, at Newburg, at Albany, at Oneida, at Cherry Valley, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of New-York, except the parts within the said State enumerated in the first proposals aforesaid.

Eleventh—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Hartford, at Hebron, at New London, at Brooklyn, at Wyndham, at Litchfield at Guilford, at New-Haven, at Fairfield, at Danbury, at Middletown, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Connecticut.

Twelfth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Wolcott, at Brinton's Point, at Newport, at Providence, and at any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Rhode Island.

Thirteenth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portland in the District of Maine Gloucester, Cape Ann, Salem, Marblehead, Boston, at Springfield, at Uxbridge, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Massachusetts.

Fourteenth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portsmouth, at Exeter, at Windsor, at Bennington, at Rutland, or at any Fort, place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the State of New-Hampshire and Vermont.

The Ration to be supplied, is to consist of the following articles, viz. Eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and a half pound of flinted or bolted indian meal, one pound and a quarter of fresh beef, or one pound of salted beef, or three quarters of a pound of salted Pork, and when fresh meat is issued, 1 lb. at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations, soap at the rate of four pounds, and candles at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations.

It is expected the proposals will also extend to the supply of rum, whiskey, or other ardent spirits at the rate of half a gallon per ration and Vinegar at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. The proposals will specify the price of the several component parts of the ration, as well as those of substitutes or alternatives for parts thereof.

There will also be furnished in such quantities, as shall be ordered at all times, during the term of the proposed contracts, be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Niagara and Oswego, for six months in advance, and at each of the other posts on the western waters, for at least three months in advance, of good

and whole, fine, provisions, at the same rate as is required. It is also to be permitted to all and every of the commanders of fortified places, or posts, to call for at any time, when the same can be transported, or at any time in case of emergency, such supplies of like provisions in a lance, as in the discretion of the commandant shall be deemed proper. It is to be understood that the contractor is to be at the expense and risk of insuring the supplies to the troops, and that all losses, sustained by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the article captured or destroyed, on the depositors of two or more persons of creditable character, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles, for which compensation shall be claimed.

The privilege is to be understood to be referred to the United States of requiring, that none of the supplies which may be furnished under any of the proposed contracts shall be issued, until the supplies which have or may be furnished under contracts now in force have been consumed, and that a supply in advance may be always required at any of the fixed posts on the Sea-board or Indian frontiers not exceeding three months.

JAMES M'HENRY, Secretary of War.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, Pursuant to the act of Congress passed on the 1st day of June, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety six, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of United Brethren for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the act supplementary to the said act, passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine—*to wit:*

I. THAT the tract of Land herein after described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence fifty miles due south, along the western boundary of the said ranges;—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscarawas branch of the Muskingum river at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence; thence down the said river, to the point where a line run due west from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line so run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plats and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the offices of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

II. The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services performed during the late war, are required to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered; No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

III. The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode described by the act first recited.

IV. The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said day, shall be postponed to locating such warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V. The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each; shall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the first day of January, 1802, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations thereon on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI. All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, 1802, are by the supplementary act of Congress herein before recited, passed on the second day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT, Sec. of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, passed during the present session of Congress, so much of the act entitled "An Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt;" passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety five, as bars from settlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, and Indents of Interest, is suspended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and settlement of the said Certificates, and Indents of Interest, at the Treasury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the said Indents, and the arrears of interest due on their said Certificates, prior to the first day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal sum of the said Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, with the interest thereon, since the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety one, will be discharged after liquidation at the Treasury, by the payment of interest and reimbursement of principal, equal to the sums which would have been payable thereon, if the said Certificates had been subscribed, pursuant to the Act making provision for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other sums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by such subscriptions as aforesaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treasury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT, Secretary of the Treasury.

Notice.

THE subscriber, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Mr. John Lupton, late of this city, merchant, deceased, requests those who are indebted to said estate, to make payment, and those who have demands against the same to exhibit them to him without delay.

W. MEREDITH, No. 16, South Fourth Street.

Old French Brandy in large and

small cases.
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Wm. L. Glasse
20 chestnut & half pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-dozes Rice,
FOR SALE BY
Gurney & Smith.

may 1, 1799

FOR SALE,
To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever
Several valuable building Lots,
In Philadelphia,
Enquire of William M. Biddle, ne. 147, Chestnut-street.

nov 22

Notice, agreeably to Charter,

IS hereby given, to the Members of "the Corporation for the relief of the poor and distressed Widows and Children of Presbyterian Ministers, and of the poor and distressed Widows and Children of Presbyterian Ministers, that a meeting of said Corporation is to take place, on Wednesday the 22d day of the present month, in the Second Presbyterian Church in the city of Philadelphia, at 4 o'clock, P. M. for the dispatch of all such business as may be brought before that board.

ASHBEL GREEN, Sec'y of the Corporation.

may 2, 1799.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of John McGraw, late of Caroline county, in the State of Maryland, deceased, are hereby requested to meet the subscriber in Denton, at Mr. Benjamin Dimmy's, on the 3d Tuesday in May next, with their accounts properly attested, that there may be a dividend struck in said estate.

All who neglect this notice will be after excluded.

SAMUEL LECOMPTE, administrator.

Caroline County, April 8th.

Lost, last evening,

A GREY-HOUND,
of the English breed;
HAS a brass collar round her neck with the name of Thomas Sterling on it; body quite white, except a small spot on her left side; each check of a dove colour; answers to the name of Dove. Whoever has taken her up, and will deliver her at the Indian Queen, shall be rewarded.

may 10

For Sale,

A BROWN HORSE,

Eight years old this spring, near fifteen hands high; he goes remarkably well in the chair and easily under the saddle; he is a good sound horse. Enquire at No. 39, South Fourth Street.

may 10

The Subscriber offers for Sale,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY.

AN Excellent three story Brick House, situated at the corner of 7th and Race-streets; the house is about 25 feet front and well finished in every respect; the Lot is 76 feet front on Race-street and 83 feet deep, the situation remarkably airy, having a public square open in front of it.

Two three story Brick Houses, Brick Stores, and good Wharf, situated in Water-street, between Arch and Race-streets, the lot on which these buildings are, is fifty four feet front on Water-street, and continues that width about 95 feet, then widens to the fourth 12 feet 6 inches, so that the front on the water is sixty seven feet six inches, this lot adjoins John Steinmetz eq. on the fourth, and has the advantage of a public alley on the north, and is a very desirable situation for the business of a Flour Factory, or Merchant.

A large elegant two story Stone House, situate on the Point no Point road, being the first house to the Northward of the five mile stone; this house is about 60 feet front and 40 feet deep finished in a neat manner; there is a good garden and choice collection of the best fruit trees, Ice-House and other conveniences with about nine acres of ground—or if more agreeable to the purchaser, thirty two acres of upland and meadow may be added to it.

A plantation in Bibury Township, Philadelphia county near the Red Lion, about 13 miles from this city; bounded by the Northampton Road and Piquette Creek, this farm contains about 120 acres of land, a proportion of which is woodland and meadow, a brick dwelling-house, frame barn, and other out-buildings, and there is laid to be a good stone quarry on part of it, although it has not yet been opened, a further description is deemed unnecessary as no person will purchase without viewing the premises.

A small plantation in Hordham Township, Montgomery county, nineteen miles from Philadelphia, adjoining to Grange Park, on which is an excellent new Stone House and Kitchen, with a large Stone Shed for the accommodation of traveller's horses; the house is now occupied as a tavern, and is suitable for any kind of public business, the land is good in quality, a good neighborhood, and a remarkably healthy situation; there is fifty acres of land and meadow in this farm—Also for sale, several tracts of land in different counties of this State.

The House in Race-street first mentioned and one of the Houses in Water-street, are now

TO BE LET,

And immediate possession given. For terms apply at the South-east corner of Arch and Sixth-streets, to

JOSEPH BALL.

feb 7

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Chestnut, near Sixth street, directly opposite

Congress Hall.

A LOT of ground, about 11 feet front in Chestnut street and 73 feet in depth, wherein is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Green, subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum. The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Chestnut street, next door to the premises.

may 5

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next, I shall expose to public sale, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the fourth side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. Purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, "An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this State, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned;" passed November session, 1798.

WM MARBURY, Agent for the State of Maryland.

april 19.

Removal.

THOMAS CLAYTON, Hatter,
HAS removed to No. 136, South Front street, where he intends carrying on his business as formerly, and has on hand a complete assortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and children's

HATS.

Canada Beaver & Musk-rat Skins,

With a complete assortment of FURS, always for sale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete assortment of

Fashionable English Huts,

Which he now offers for sale at very reduced prices.

jan 29

FOR SALE,

50,000 Acres of LAND,

L YING in the county of Ruffin, State of Virginia, bounded on the east by the river Clinch, on the south by the river Guell, and to the west by Sandy river. This tract (situate six miles from the Courthouse of the above county, 25 from the town of Abington, is well settled, and has likewise the advantage of a wagon road) is divided into tracts of 10, 5 and 1500 acres each, and will be sold, altogether, or in lots, as it may suit the purchasers, by one of the owners who will reside there during the months of May, June and July next, in order to put them who may become purchasers in possession.

The plots duly authenticated and certified by the surveyors, are in the hands of the subscribers. Every satisfaction will be given with respect to the right, to which the patents give full and ample testimony. Great accommodations will be made respecting payment, and every necessary information may be had, by applying to

Petersburg, Feb. 11.

FOR SALE,

At the two mile stone, on the Westchester, or Ridge Road,

A Place containing about eighty acres, in parts or the whole together, as may suit the purchaser. There is on the premises, a house 47 x 12 feet front, by 43 x 14 deep, a scullery, milk house, pump, ice house, and farm house, a large barn, 60 feet by 32, with stalls for 25 horses and cows, a carriage house, and a pump of good water in the barn yard, and a second milk house supplied by a spring. The grounds are well measured, and laid out in good stile, with an abundance of ornamental, and fruit trees, the situation healthy and high, commanding a view of the city and Delaware. There is also a small distance from the mansion house a farm house in good repair, with kitchen, stable, &c. and a pump of good water. For terms apply to

SAMUEL MEREDITH.

March 12.

NOTICE,

A Certificate of one share of Bank Pennsylvania stock No. 725, in my name, having been lost or mislaid, application is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

JOHN VAUGHAN.

april 20

Patent Ploughs,

TO be sold for cash by Joseph Satter at Auction Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton. Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expense and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought nails and coulers to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure.

Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.

Who has for Sale;

Or to Lease for a term of Years,
A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon State of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan eq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.

July 17

Valuable Property for Sale.

FOR SALE,

THAT well known Estate, called SHREWSBURY FARM, formerly the residence of General John Cadwalader, situate on Salafas River, in Kent county, Maryland—containing about 1900 acres of prime LAND upwards of 500 of which are in woods. The Buildings are all excellent, and consist of a handsome Dwelling House, two large Barns with Cow-houses, Stables for fifty horses, a spacious breeding floor under cover, a granary, two Jercer's houses, two ranges of two new and of brick, Corn houses a smoke house, &c. &c.—The whole Estate being nearly surrounded by water, it requires but little fencing, and has a good Shad and Herring fishery. It is conveniently situated for both the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, with two landings on a navigable river but a short fall from Baltimore. There is a large Peach, and two large Apple Orchards on the premises; also, a variety of excellent fruits of different kinds. The soil is mostly a rich loam.—The whole will be sold together or divided into smaller farms (as may suit the purchaser) are conveniently situated) as may suit the purchaser. The Stock on said Farm, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep &c. will also be disposed of.—For further particulars apply to GEORGE HASTINGS on the premises, or to the subscriber, in Philadelphia.

ARCHIBALD McCALL, Jnr.

December 12.

NOTICE.

THE Following certificates of Shares of the stock of the Bank of the United States have been lost or destroyed at sea, to wit: 13 shares in the name of Peter Blight, of which 5 shares No 4185, 5 shares No 4186, and 3 shares No 4187, and 6 shares in the name of John Barker Church, No 2058, which were forwarded by the Countess of Leicester packet from Falmouth for New-York—and ten shares of said stock in the name of Stadnick & Son, of Amsterdam, No 1796, which were forwarded by the Packet from Falmouth for New-York in November 1794; and for the renewal of which application is made at the said Bank and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

March 12

A Place Wanted.

A House is desired, for a Youth, or the age of 17, of reputable connections, and possessing the requisite acquisitions. Apply to the printer.

april 24

NOTICE.

THE Public are requested not to receive any drafts, notes, obligations or bills of any kind drawn in favor of or indorsed by

Abijah Hunt.

J. & A. Hunt.

Jesse & Abijah Hunt.

Jeremiah & Abijah Hunt.

Abijah & Jas. W. Hunt.

Snodgrass, & Co.

Those on whom they are drawn are also desired to suspend acceptance, until reference be had to the subscriber.

About twenty thousand Dollars of bills of the above description having been taken from the carrier near the mouth of Tennessee river by a party of Indians.

SAMUEL MEEKER.

april 26.

To be Let,

TWO HOUSES,

No. 151 and No. 153, on the East side of Second street, near Spruce street, and three Grass Lots near the city. For terms, apply to

CHARLES WHARTON,

No. 136, South Second street.

Who has for Sale,

Five boxes of Lenaws

One hundred boxes of Tea China

Black, blue and colored Lutechings

Silk Umbrellas, &c. &c.

may 1

THE COMMISSIONERS,

APPOINTED by the Corporation to open Books of Subscription for a Loan to introduce WHOLESOME WATER from the River Schuylkill by means of Steam Engines (already contracted for) to the Center Square and from thence to be distributed through the City, give

NOTICE,

THAT a book will be opened at the City Hall to-morrow, the 13th instant, and will be continued from day to day, until the Loan is completed, where the Commissioners will attend from 10 o'clock in the morning until one, to receive subscriptions.

By order of the Board,

Jacob Shoemaker, sec'y.

2d mo. 12.

N. B. Ten dollars to be paid on each share at the time of Subscribing,

30 dollars at the expiration of } From the time

2 months } of

30 ditto, ditto, 4 months } Subscribing

30 ditto, ditto, 6 months }

To be Sold at Private Sale,

TWO tracts of Land, being the estate of doctor Samuel Cooper, lately deceased, lying in Talbot county on the Waters of Tuckahoe Creek in the State of Maryland.

One of them immediately on the said creek, is part of a tract called Hampton, and part of another tract called Rich Run, containing about Two Hundred acres; there are on the said plantation a tolerable good dwelling house and kitchen, and some useful out-houses, an apple orchard, and a spring of excellent water; this place, about five or six miles from Tuckahoe Bridge, and about four miles from King's Head, is bounded in part by lands now or lately of William Sherwood, and of High Work, in the heart of the fisheries, and conveniently situated for a person in the trading or vessel line.

The other is a Plantation one or two miles distant from the above, being part of a tract called Dalby's Choice, and part of a tract called Starobridge, containing about two hundred and thirty seven acres—This place well timbered, is bounded in part by the lands now or lately of William H. Ward and those of George Wilson—there is a dwelling house thereon, and some other improvements not considerable.

The payments will be made only to the purchaser, or purchasers, upon security being given in a satisfactory manner.—For terms apply

SAMUEL COATES, } Surviving Executors

THOMAS MORRIS, } to the Estate of Samuel

ELLISTON PEROT, } Cooper, deceased, in

Philadelphia.

Or to TRISTAM NEEDLE, at King's Creek,